HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE HAWAII ACCESS TO JUSTICE COMMISSION TO ASSEMBLE VARIOUS STATE AND COMMUNITY ENTITIES TO DETERMINE WHICH AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION SHOULD ADMINISTER FUNDING FOR CIVIL LEGAL SERVICES TO THE LOW- AND MODERATE-INCOME.

WHEREAS, civil legal services can improve community wellbeing as a vital part of our social safety net which ensures that our keiki, kupuna, family care givers, and all members of a family are healthy and safety; and

WHEREAS, "The 2007 Assessment of Civil Legal Needs and Barriers of Low- and Moderate-Income People in Hawaii" found that only one in five people have their civil legal needs addressed and that only one in three people who contact a civil legal service provider is able to get assistance; and

WHEREAS, one of the goals set forth in "The Community Wide Action Plan: Ten Action Steps to Increase Access to Justice in Hawaii by 2010" was that an appropriate home for funding civil legal services should be established to ensure stable state funding; and

WHEREAS, access to civil legal services by the indigent is critical to providing access to justice for those who cannot afford an attorney; and

WHEREAS, access to civil legal services results in costs savings to the State by way of recovery of federal public benefits (such as SSI and VA benefits), reduction of utilization of safety net services such as foster care by establishing guardianships for family caregivers, reduction of dependency on public assistance by securing child support and alimony, a decrease of instances of homelessness through housing representation, and an increase in state tax revenues

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through employment and re-employment related legal assistance; and

WHEREAS, civil legal services provides to the indigent who are immigrants, homeless, at risk of homelessness; families in crisis, consumers who have been taken advantage of, and those who speak English as a second language, better access to the justice system; and

WHEREAS, civil legal services can support efforts to ensure that government is providing effective services by helping those facing the complex legal system without an attorney navigate the system; and

WHEREAS, for thirty years, the funding for civil legal services was provided through the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations-Office of Community Services; and

WHEREAS, prior to 2005, general funding for civil legal services was provided by way of a purchase of service contract; since 2005, general funding for civil legal services has been made by a grant-in-aid; and

WHEREAS, since 1995, general funding for pro bono legal services has been made by grants-in-aid; and

WHEREAS, in 2011, the legislature increased court fees to include an amount to be paid into the indigent legal assistance fund pursuant to section 607-5.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The legislature did so upon a finding that there was a need to fund legal services for low- and moderate-income individuals who would not otherwise have access to legal services; and

WHEREAS, despite the increase in court fees to include an amount to be paid into the indigent legal assistance fund, the total amount of funding for general civil legal services decreased from \$2,017,093 in the 2008 fiscal year to \$1,213,135 in the 2015 fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, grant-in-aid funding for civil legal services and pro bono legal services decreased from \$1,832,496 in the 2008 fiscal year to \$400,000 in the 2015 fiscal year; and



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WHEREAS, general revenue funding is critical to meet the need for legal services in Hawaii, and the funding of legal services can promote the resolution of critical community issues; and

WHEREAS, there should be an examination of executive agencies, the Judiciary, and community agencies to determine which agency or organization should administer general funding for civil legal services to obtain the best results; and

WHEREAS, the examination should require:

- (1) The identification and assessment of the problems and issues relating to the funding of civil legal services, including the best agency or organization to administer these funds; and
- (2) The involvement of all interested governmental and community stakeholders to ensure that the administration of these funds is workable and acceptable to the interested stakeholders; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Twenty-eighth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2015, the Senate concurring, that the Hawaii Access to Justice Commission is requested to assemble a working group of interested government agencies and community entities to conduct meetings to develop a plan for determining which agency or organization should administer funding for civil legal services; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following persons or a representative of the following persons, agencies, or organizations be invited to participate in the working group:

- (1) The Governor;
- (2) The President of the Senate;
- (3) The Speaker of the House;
- (4) The Judiciary;

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1 2	(5)	The Attorney General;
3	(6)	The Department of Human Services;
5 6 7	(7)	The Department of Labor and Industrial Relations- Office of Community Services;
7 8 9	(8)	The Department of Budget and Finance;
10	(9)	The Department of Accounting and General Services;
11 12	(10)	The Hawaii Justice Foundation;
13 14	(11)	The Hawaii Access to Justice Commission;
15 16	(12)	Legal Aid Society of Hawaii; and
17 18	(13)	Volunteer Legal Services Hawaii; and
19 20 21 22	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Access to Justice Commission may include any other organizations or stakeholders to participate in the working group that it deems necessary; and	
23 24 25 26 27	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the plan include a history of state funding of civil legal services and the issues historically faced by civil legal service providers in providing service to low- and moderate-income individuals; and	
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the plan include an analysis of the benefits and barriers to assigning the administration of funding for civil legal services to the Judiciary, Department of the Attorney General, Department of Human Services, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations-Office of Community Services, Department of Budget and Finance, Department of Accounting and General Services, and the Hawaii Justice Foundation; and	
36 37	BE I	T FURTHER RESOLVED that the plan include

recommendations on which agency or organization should

for civil legal services, and if enabling legislation is

necessary, a proposal for such enabling legislation; and

administer funding for civil legal services, levels of funding

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the members of the working group should not be considered state employees based solely upon their participation in the working group; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Hawaii Access to Justice Commission is requested to submit the working group's plan to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the Regular Session of 2016; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the working group be dissolved on June 30, 2017; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Chief Justice of the Hawaii Supreme Court, Attorney General, Director of Human Services, Executive Director of the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations-Office of Community Services, Director of Finance, Comptroller, Executive Director of the Hawaii Justice Foundation, Chair of the Hawaii Access to Justice Commission, Executive Director of the Legal Aid Society of Hawaii, and Executive Director of Volunteer Legal Services of Hawaii.